

Engine instructions manual GB

VM p/n - 42432055F



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GENERAL INFORMATION

INTRODUCTION

Dear Client, we wish to thank you for purchasing an engine manufactured by VM MOTORI S.P.A.

Our Technical Assistance and Spare Part department has recently been strengthened to ensure even better service to all our Clients.

Only by using original spare parts and by relying on our specialised staff you can ensure the best performance to your engine.

Let us advise you to rely EXCLUSIVELY on our Technical Assistance and Spare Part Service for the maintenance of engines manufactured by VM MOTORI S.P.A.

If engines designed and built by VM MO-

TORI S.P.A. are repaired by unauthorised technicians, if the planned maintenance operations foreseen are not carried out, if NON ORIGINAL spare parts are used, if the coolants, engine oil and fuels used do not comply with the manufacturer's specifications, then any service or technical guarantee provided by VM MOTORI S.P.A. will immediately expire.

We are confident that you will understand the technical importance of this recommendation, which is mainly aimed at protecting our Clients from any unpleasant situation.

Please get in touch with us for any requirements. Best regards,

QUALITY SYSTEM CERTIFICATE ISO 9001-QS 9000-ISO 14001

VM MOTORI S.PA. has obtained the certification of its quality assurance regime in compliance with UNI EN ISO 9001 standards and with the even stricter prescriptions established by Ford, Chrysler and General Motors car manufacturer association under the QS-9000 Quality System Standard for the manufacture of Diesel engines. Moreover, its environmental management system has been certified against the ISO 14001 standard.



This is the result of a working plan which involves all company levels.

The quality and environmental policy, with a special focus on the continuous improvement principle, is an essential part of VM MOTORI S.P.A top management 's strategy and it is being implemented in all company departments in accordance with internationally accepted quality and environmental management systems and while respecting the environment and the population.

Customer satisfaction, efficiency and personnel motivation, intended as a set of

services rendered inside and outside the company, are the most important elements of the quality concept.

All VM MOTORI S.P.A. employees are committed to the achievement of quality and environmental policy goals.

Regular training ensures a suitable and constantly updated knowledge to VM MOTORI S.P.A.. employees.

VM MOTORI S.P.A. considers quality as a dynamic process of continuous improvement in all activities to achieve the goals.

PURPOSE OF THE MANUAL

This manual is an essential part of the engine and it has been written by the manufacturer to provide all the information necessary to those who are authorized to interact with it throughout its expected life: handlers, carriers, installers and users.

Besides adopting a good operation technique, the recipients of the information should carefully read it and apply it rigorously.

Spend some of your time reading this information to avoid any risk for people's health and safety as well as economic damage.

Keep this manual throughout the life of the engine in a place within easy reach, so that it is always at hand and you can consult it at all times.

Besides the actual installation of the engine, this manual may contain additional information which, however, will not hinder the general understanding. The manufacturer reserves the right to make changes without any prior notice.

The relevance of certain parts of the manual and of some specifications is pointed out by a few symbols whose meaning is described below.

🚹 Danger - Warning

It indicates very dangerous situations which can seriously endanger people's health and safety if they are neglected.

🗥 Caution - Precaution

It indicates that a correct behaviour should be adopted to avoid any risk for people's health and safety as well as any economic damage.

1 Important

It indicates some very important pieces of technical information which should not be neglected.

MANUFACTURER AND ENGINE IDENTIFICATION

The identification plate shown is applied directly on the engine. It contains all the references and indications needed for a safe operation.

A) Manufacturer identification

- B) Serial number
- C) Weight
- D) Type
- E) Family
- F) Model
- G) Version
- H) Maximum power (kW)

L) Maximum number of revolutions

M)Homologation number

- N) Lubricating oil features
- P) Engine serial number

(punched on the crankcase)

- q) Engine code
- r) Consecutive number





The table helps you to identify the model through the engine code.

Engine code	Engine model
05D	R754EU5
06D	R756EU5
20D	R754IE3
80C	R756IE3
45D	R754TE4
34D	R754IE4
39D	R754ISE4

PROCEDURE TO REQUEST TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

Please state the data contained in the identification plate, the serial number, approximate hours of operation and the type of defect detected in every request of technical assistance for the engine.

In case of need, please apply to the

WARRANTY CONDITIONS

The warranty conditions are stated in the attached documentation (see "Warranty sheet")

ATTACHED DOCUMENTATION

The stated documentation is supplied to the client along with this manual.

-Address booklet of assistance and spare part centres

-Warranty sheet

manufacturer's Technical Assistance Service or to an authorised workshop (see attached documentation "Address booklet of assistance and spare part centres")

Further information are available in the website: www.vmmotori.it, in the "Contacts – Request Info" section.

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

ENGINE GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Engines of series R754 EU5 - R756 EU5 were designed and manufactured to be installed on road vehicles, such as for example road-cleaning vans, lorries, etc., on condition that they have been type-approved according to EURO 5 anti-pollution directives. Model R754IE3, R756IE3, R754TE4-ISE4 engines have been

Main components R754IE3, R756IE3, R754EU5, R756EU5

A) Cooler: cools the engine oil by heat exchange with the coolant fluid.

B) Turbo device: Made up of a turbine which exploits a part of the exhaust gas energy to carry out the engine turbocharging.

C) "EGR" valve: modulates the recirculation of exhaust gasses before they flow into the suction manifold.

D) "waste-gate" valve: It controls the turbo device activation, depending on the pressure of the exhaust gases.

E) Heat expansion valve: It adjusts the water temperature according to the engine working temperature

F) Fuel filter: It traps any impurity

G) Oil filter: It traps any impurity

H) Oil sump: It contains the engine lubrication oil

L) Suction manifold: conveys the combustion air into the combustion chamber.

M) Water pump: feeds the cooling circuit

N) Driving belt (type Poly-V): it starts service devices, the alternator (Q) and the water pump (M).

P) Automatic belt tightener: it keeps the belt constantly tightened.

designed for off-road use, fitted in agricultural machinery or load lifting machines.

The models of engine differ from each other in both power and performance (See "Technical data R754EU5, R756EU5, R754IE3, R756IE3, R754TE4-IE4-ISE4").

Q) alternating current generator: It produces and regulates the electric system voltage

R) Starter: It is used to start the engine

S) Exhaust manifold: It is used to expel the combustion gases

T) Water manifold: It is used to collect the coolant from the heads

U) high pressure injection pump: It feeds the injectors with fuel under pressure

V) Injector: injects pressurised fuel into the combustion chamber.

W) Antiparticulate filter **R754EU5**, **R756EU5**: this is installed in the engine exhaust pipe conduit. It serves to retain the particulate so as to reduce the emissions from diesel engines, which are responsible for atmospheric pollution.

X) Air filter: for engine intake.

The air is filtered over 3 phases: in the cyclone pre-separator , in the main filter and in the safety filter.

Y) Debimeter **R754EU5**, **R756EU5**: it detects the air mass that feeds the engine.

Z) Rail: stores pressurised fuel and distributes it to the injectors.



Air filter (X). Antiparticulate filter (W) Debimeter (Y) Extraction collector (L) Exhaust manifold -Turbo device (B) (S) waste-gate" valve (D) 🚛 Oil sump (H) Water manifold (T) Valve ERG (C) -- injector (V) Fuel filter (F) Heat expansion. RAIL device (Z) valve (E) alternating current - Cooler (A) generator (Q) Water pump Starter (R) (M) Belt tensioner-(P) Oil filter (G) high pressure injection pump (U) Transmission belt (N)

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Main components R754TE4 - IE4 - ISE4

A) Cooler: cools the engine oil by heat exchange with the coolant fluid.

B) Turbo device: Made up of a turbine which exploits a part of the exhaust gas energy to carry out the engine turbocharging.

C) "EGR" valve: modulates the recirculation of exhaust gasses before they flow into the suction manifold.

D) "waste-gate" valve: It controls the turbo device activation, depending on the pressure of the exhaust gases (**Only for R754IE4**).

E) Heat expansion valve: It adjusts the water temperature according to the engine working temperature

F) Fuel filter: It traps any impurity

G) Oil filter: It traps any impurity

H) Oil sump: It contains the engine lubrication oil

L) Suction manifold: conveys the combustion air into the combustion chamber.

M) Water pump: feeds the cooling circuit

N) Driving belt (type Poly-V): it starts service devices, the alternator (Q) and the water pump (M).

P) Automatic belt tightener: it keeps the belt constantly tightened.

Q) alternating current generator: It produces and regulates the electric system voltage

R) Starter: It is used to start the engine

S) Exhaust manifold: It is used to expel the combustion gases

U) high pressure injection pump: It feeds the injectors with fuel under pressure

V) Injector: injects pressurised fuel into the combustion chamber.

W) Antiparticulate filter: this is installed in the engine exhaust pipe conduit. It serves to retain the particulate so as to reduce the emissions from diesel engines, which are responsible for atmospheric pollution.

X) Air filter: for engine intake.

The air is filtered over 3 phases: in the cyclone pre-separator, in the main filter and in the safety filter.

Y) Debimeter: it detects the air mass that feeds the engine.

Z) Rail: stores pressurised fuel and distributes it to the injectors.





TECHNICAL DATA

These technical data and specifications refer exclusively to standard VM MOTORI S.P.A. engines.



TECHNICAL DATA (R754 EU5-R756 EU5)

	Unit of measure- ment	R754EU5	R756EU5
Dimensions			
A	mm	704	943
В	mm	602	602
С	mm	722	734

	Unit of measure- ment	R754EU5	R756EU5
General data			
Cycle		Four stro	ke diesel
Total displacement	Liters	2,970	4,455
Number of cylinders	nr.	4	6
Bore and stroke	mm	94x107	94x107
Compression ratio		17,8 ± 0,5:1	17,8 ± 0,5:1
Intake		Turbocharged and inter- filt	-cooled circuit - (Dry) air ter
Cooling		Water	circuit



	Unit of measure- ment	R754EU5	R756EU5	
Cooler		wate	er/oil	GB
Crankshaft rotation		Anticlockwise (observing th el s	e engine from the handwhe ide)	
Combustion sequence		1-3-4-2	1-5-3-6-2-4	
		Pushrods and	d rocker arms	
Timing		With hydraulic tap	pets and camshaft	
		Gear cascade control a crank	nd camshaft fitted on the base	
Minimum idling speed (standard engine)	rpm	800 +/-50	750 +/-50	
Dry shipping weight of engine	kg	260	335	
Maximum permanent lengthwise inclination (with handwheel up)	degrees	30°	30°	
Maximum permanent lengthwise inclination (with handwheel down)	degrees	35°	35°	
Maximum permanent crosswise inclination	degrees	30°	30°	
Power and torque				
Maximum operating speed	rpm	3000	3000	
Maximum power	kW (CV) @ rpm	74 (100) @ 3000	120 (163) @ 3000	
Maximum torque	Nm (kgm) @ rpm	340 (34,68) @ 1350	500 (51) @ 1350	
Consumption at maximum power				
Specific fuel consumption	g/kWh	274	254	
Specific oil consumption	g/KWh	0,2	0,2	
Fuel supply circuit				
Type of injection		Common Rail	direct injection	
Type of fuel		The engine has been designed to be powered by sta fuels available on the European market (accordin specifications DIN EN 590). If it is to be powered BIODIESEL fuels (according to specifications UNI 14214), it can be mixed, up to 5%, with fuel available European market (according to regulation DIN EN		
Do not use fuels with specifications other than those indicated.		ORTANT pecifications other than dicated.		



VM MOTORI S.p.A. R750EU5 - IE3 - TE4 - IE4 - ISE4

	Unit of measure- ment	R754EU5	R756EU5
Fuel supply		Gear	pump
Injector supply		High pressure	injection pump
Lubrication circuit			
Type of lubrication		Forced I	ubrication
Circuit fuel supply		Rotor	r pump
Oil change including filter (standard sump)	liters (kg)	10 (8,7)	13,8 (12) ÷ 18.9 (16,5) The oil quantity at maxi- mum level (12÷16,5 kg) depends on the capacity of the oil sump with which the engine is equipped.
Oil quantity at minimum level (standard sump)	liters (kg)	5,8 (5,1)	7,5 (6,6)
Oil quantity at maximum level (standard sump)	liters (kg)	8,5 (7,4)	10,9 (9,5)
Oil pressure at minimum speed (with started engine)	bar	1,4	- 1,8
Oil cooling		Oil/wat	er cooler
Cooling circuit			
Total capacity of cooling circuit (excluding radiator and relevant pipes)	liters	5	7,5
Setting pressure of the expansion tank plug	bar	1,1	1,1
Coolant	50% dem Up (protect inhibitor form	ineralised or distilled water a tive radiator fluid with monoe nulation complying with AST	and 50% Petronas Paraflu ethylene glycol and organic M D 3306 type 1 Standards)
Coolant maximum temperature alarm	°C	107	107
Electric system			
Nominal voltage	V	12	12
Alternating current generator (nominal voltage)	V	14	14
Alternating current generator (nominal current)	A	105	105
Starter motor output	kW	2,5	2,5
Recommended battery capacity	Ah	140	140
Battery breakaway current	A	950	950
Suction circuit			
Maximum depression allowed with new air filter	mbar	40	40

TECHNICAL DATA (R754 IE3-R756 IE3)

These technical data and specifications refer exclusively to standard VM MOTORI S.P.A. engines.



Table 2: Technical data of the engine

	Unit of measure- ment	R754IE3	R756IE3
Dimensions			
A	mm	704	943
В	mm	601	601
С	mm	722	734

	Unit of measure- ment	R754IE3	R756IE3
General data			
Cycle		Four stro	ke diesel
Total displacement	Liters	2,970	4,455
Number of cylinders	nr.	4	6
Bore and stroke	mm	94x107	94x107
Compression ratio		17,8 ± 0,5:1	17,8 ± 0,5:1
Intake		Turbocharged and inter fill	-cooled circuit - (Dry) air ter
Cooling		Water	circuit



	Unit of measure-		
	ment	R754IE3	R756IE3
Cooler		wate	er/oil
Crankshaft rotation		Anticlockwise (observing th el s	e engine from the handwhe ide)
Combustion sequence		1-3-4-2	1-5-3-6-2-4
		Pushrods and	l rocker arms
Timing		With hydraulic tap	pets and camshaft
		Gear cascade control an crank	nd camshaft fitted on the base
Minimum idling speed (standard engine)	rpm	800 +/-50	750 +/-50
Dry shipping weight of engine	kg	260	335
Maximum permanent lengthwise inclination (with handwheel up)	degrees	30°	30°
Maximum permanent lengthwise inclination (with handwheel down)	degrees	35°	35°
Maximum permanent crosswise inclination	degrees	30°	30°
Power and torque			
Maximum operating speed	rpm	3000	3000
Maximum power	kW (CV) @ rpm	74 (100) @ 3000	120 (163) @ 3000
Maximum torque	Nm (kgm) @ rpm	420 (42.80) @ 1000	500 (50.90) @ 1400
Consumption at maximum power			
Specific fuel consumption	g/kWh	254	284
Specific oil consumption	g/kWh	0,2	0,2
Fuel supply circuit			
Type of injection		Common Rail	direct injection
Type of fuel		The engine has been designed to be powered by star fuels available on the European market (according specifications DIN EN 590). If it is to be powered to BIODIESEL fuels (according to specifications UNI 14214), it can be mixed, up to 5%, with fuel available of European market (according to regulation DIN EN 5	
			ORTANT
		Do not use fuels with s those in	pecifications other than dicated.



	Unit of measure- ment	R754IE3	R756IE3	
Fuel supply		Gear	pump	CP
Injector supply		High pressure	injection pump	GD
Lubrication circuit				
Type of lubrication		Forced I	ubrication	
Circuit fuel supply		Rotor	pump	
Oil change including filter (standard sump)	liters (kg)	10 (8,7)	13,8 (12)	
Oil quantity at minimum level (standard sump)	liters (kg)	5,8 (5,1)	7,5 (6,6)	
Oil quantity at maximum level (standard sump)	liters (kg)	8,5 (7,4)	10,9 (9,5)	
Oil pressure at minimum speed (with started engine)	bar	1,4	- 1,8	
Oil cooling		Oil/wate	er cooler	
Cooling circuit				
Total capacity of cooling circuit (excluding radiator and relevant pipes)	liters	5	7,5	
Setting pressure of the expansion tank plug	bar	1,1	1,1	
Coolant		50% demineralised or distilled water and 50% Petronas Paraflu Up (protective radiator fluid with monoethylene glycol and organic inhibitor formulation complying with ASTM D 3306 type 1 Standards)		
Coolant maximum temperature alarm	°C	107	107	
Electric system				
Nominal voltage	V	12	12	
Alternating current generator (nominal voltage)	V	14	14	
Alternating current generator (nominal current)	A	110	110	
Starter motor output	kW	2,5	2,5	
Recommended battery capacity	Ah	140	140	
Battery breakaway current	А	950	950	
Suction circuit				
Maximum depression allowed with new air filter	mbar	40	40	

TECHNICAL DATA (R754 TE4-R754 IE4 - R754ISE4)

These technical data and specifications refer exclusively to standard VM MOTORI S.P.A. engines.



	Unit of measure- ment	R754TE4	R754IE4	R754ISE4
Dimensions				
A	mm	704	704	704
В	mm	554	554	554
С	mm	766	766	766

	Unit of measure- ment	R754TE4	R754IE4	R754ISE4		
General data						
Cycle		Four stroke diesel				
Total displacement	Liters	2,970	2,970	2,970		
Number of cylinders	nr.	4	4	4		
Bore and stroke	mm	94x107	94x107	94x107		
Compression ratio		17.5 ± 0.5 : 1	17.5 ± 0.5 : 1	17.5 ± 0.5 : 1		
Intake		R754TE4 - R754ISE4 Turbocharged circuit - R754IE4 Turbocharged and inter-cooled circuit - (Dry) air filter				
Cooling			Water circuit			



	Unit of measure-			
Cooler	ment	R7341E4	water/oil	R73413L4
Crankshaft rotation	Anticlocky	vise (observing the	engine from the h	andwhe el side)
Combustion sequence		1-3-4-2	1-3-4-2	1-3-4-2
		Pushrods and roc	ker arms With hyd camshaft	raulic tappets and
Timing Gear casca			control and camsh crankbase	aft fitted on the
Minimum idling speed (standard engine)	rpm	800	800	800
Dry shipping weight of engine	kg	260	260	260
Maximum permanent lengthwise inclination (with handwheel up)	degrees	30°	30°	30°
Maximum permanent lengthwise inclination (with handwheel down)	degrees	35°	35°	35°
Maximum permanent crosswise inclination	degrees	30°	30°	30°
Power and torque				
Maximum operating speed	rpm		2600	2600
Maximum power	kW (CV) @ rpm		80 (108.8) @ 2600	55.4 (75.3) @ 2600
Maximum torque	Nm (kgm) @ rpm		420 (42.8) @ 1100	310 (31.6) @ 1100
Consumption at maximum power				
Specific fuel consumption	g/kWh		222.5	217.7
Specific oil consumption	g/kWh		0,2	0.2
Fuel supply circuit				
Type of injection	Common I	Rail direct injection	with high pressure	e injection pump
Type of fuel		The engine has been fuels available on specifications D BIODIESEL fuels 14214), it can be r the European ma	en designed to be punthe European mar IN EN 590). If it is to a (according to spec mixed, up to 5%, with arket (according to re 590).	owered by standard ket (according to be powered by ifications UNI EN h fuel available on egulation DIN EN
IMPORTANT Do not use fuels with specifications other those indicated.			ons other than	



	Unit of measure- ment	R754TE4	R754IE4	R754ISE4	
Lubrication circuit					
Type of lubrication			Forced lubrication	ı	
Circuit fuel supply			Rotor pump		
Oil change including filter (standard sump)	liters (kg)		11 (9.57)		
Oil quantity at minimum level (standard sump)	liters (kg)				
Oil quantity at maximum level (standard sump)	liters (kg)				
Oil pressure at minimum speed (with started engine)	bar		2		
Oil cooling			Oil/water cooler		
Cooling circuit					
Total capacity of cooling circuit (excluding radiator and relevant pipes)	liters	5			
Setting pressure of the expansion tank plug	bar	1,1			
Coolant		50% demineralised or distilled water and 50% Petronas Paraflu Up (protective radiator fluid with monoethylene glycol and organic inhibitor formulation complying with ASTM D 3306 type 1 Standards)			
Coolant maximum temperature alarm	°C		107		
Electric system					
Nominal voltage	V		12		
Alternating current generator (nominal voltage)	v	14			
Alternating current generator (nominal current)	A	110			
Starter motor output	kW	2,5			
Recommended battery capacity	Ah	140			
Battery breakaway current	A	950			
Suction circuit					
Maximum depression allowed with new air filter	mbar	30			

SAFETY INFORMATION

GENERAL SAFETY WARNINGS

-During the design and construction phases, the Manufacturer paid special attention to the aspects which are liable to cause any risk for the safety and health of people interacting with the engine. Besides complying with the relevant legislation in force, he followed all the "rules for a good construction technique". The purpose of this information is making users aware of the need to pay the utmost attention to prevent any risk. Caution is however imperative. Safety also depends on all the operators who interact with the engine.

-Read carefully the instructions contained in the manual supplied and those applied on the engine, in particular follow those concerning safety. Spend some of your time reading the instructions to avoid unpleasant accidents.

-Pay attention to the meaning of the symbols in the applied plates; their shape and colour have a specific meaning related to safety. Keep them visible and follow the stated information.

–Use the engine only for the tasks authorised by the manufacturer and do not tamper with any device to achieve a different performance from the intended one.

– The staff carrying out any type of intervention throughout the life of the engine should have precise technical skills, specific abilities and experiences acquired and acknowledged in this sector. The lack of these requirements may cause damages to people's safety and health.

-All the installation phases should have been taken into account since the development of the initial project. The designer has to observe with the engine fixing points and the general indications provided by the manufacturer.

-Carry out the handling of the engine in compliance with the information stated directly on the engine, on the packaging and in the operating instructions supplied by the manufacturer.

–When lifting or transporting unpacked engines use means of appropriate load capacity which must be properly anchored.

–When lifting and transporting packaged engines, means of appropriate load capacity as stated on the packaging itself.

–Before carrying out other transfers, create the conditions required to guarantee stability and to prevent any engine part from being damaged.

–Before starting the installation, the installer has to implement a "safety plan" and to follow the designer's indications. Do not make changes to the engine components for any reason.

 It is necessary to make sure that the installation area is fitted with all intake, fuel supply and exhaust connections.

-The manufacturer cannot be held responsible for any damage resulting from the misuse of the engine, from the failure to follow the indications contained in this manual and from any tampering with or change made without the manufacturer's authorization.

-If appropriate, before using the engine for the first time, after gathering all the necessary information, simulate a few trial manoeuvres to identify the controls and their main functions, especially those related with starting and stop operations.

-Do not operate the engine in a closed and insufficiently ventilated environment; the exhaust fumes are harmful and can have serious consequences on people's health.

-Do not keep using the engine if anomalies are detected and in particular if suspect vibrations occur.

-In case of anomaly, stop immediately the engine or reduce the speed as much as possible and reach the closest assistance centre.

-Start again the engine only when the normal operating conditions have been restored.

–Unless otherwise stated, all interventions should be carried out when the engine has been stopped, cooled down and the ignition key has been removed. Those authorized to carry out these interventions should follow all the precautions needed to guarantee the safety of the people involved, in compliance with the requirements laid down in the applicable legislation regarding safety at the workplace.

-Keep the equipment as much efficient as possible and carry out the scheduled maintenance operations established by the manufacturer. A good maintenance will ensure the highest performance, a longer working lifetime and a constant compliance with safety requirements.

-Replace any worn part with original spare parts. Use the oils and greases recommended by the manufacturer. All this will ensure the engine good operation and the prescribed safety level.

-Do not throw away any polluting material in the environment. Carry out their disposal in compliance with the relevant legislation in force.

-During all maintenance operations always use the individual protection clothing and/or devices indicated in the operating instructions supplied by the manufacturer and those provided by the applicable legislation concerning safety at the workplace.

-All maintenance operations should be carried out by using suitable and efficient equipment and tools.

SAFETY WARNINGS FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

Each organization is responsible for implementing procedures aimed at identifying, evaluating and controlling the environmental impact of its own activities (products, services, etc.).

The procedures to be followed to identify any significant environmental impact should take into account the following factors:

- -Emissions in the atmosphere
- -Discharged liquids

- -Waste disposal
- -Soil contamination

–Use of raw materials and natural resources

 Local problems related to the environmental impact

In order to reduce the environmental impact, the manufacturer provides below a few indications to be taken into account by all those who will interact with the engine throughout its expected life.

-All packaging components should be disposed of in accordance with the legislation in force in the country where disposal takes place.

–When installing the engine, ensure a suitable air renewal in the environment to protect the operators from a high concentration of harmful substances.

-During operation and maintenance, do not throw away polluting products (oils, greases, etc) in the environment and carry out the differentiated waste disposal according to the composition of the different materials and in compliance with the legislation in force. Electric and electronic components should be carried out as special waste.

-Keep the exhaust pipelines efficient to limit the noise level of the engine and to reduce atmospheric pollution.

–While decommissioning the engine, divide all the components depending on their chemical composition and dispose of them accordingly.

SAFETY WARNINGS FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

The electrical equipment was designed and manufactured according to the provisions of the standards in force on the matter. The list specifies some warnings to be complied with for the correct operation of the electrical equipment.

-Do not use boosters or quick starters to start the engine.

-Do not disconnect the electrical power supply when the engine is ON.

🛕 Important

Before disconnecting the electrical power supply, turn off the engine and wait for at least 30 sec. so that the electronic control unit can perform the "after -run" procedure. -Before performing arc welding on the frame where the engine is installed, ALWAYS disassemble the electronic control unit and protect all electrically connected devices that are installed close to the negative pole (mass).



RESIDUAL RISKS

During the design and construction phases, the Manufacturer paid special attention to the aspects which are liable to cause any risk for the safety and health of people interacting with the engine.

Despite this, some potential and hidden risks still exist.

Danger of injuring your arms

Do not put your hands inside any movingpart.

Danger of being burnt

Pay attention to hot surfaces

HANDLING AND INSTALLATION INFORMATION

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR HANDLING AND INSTALLATION

Carry out handling and installation following the information provided by the manufacturer and stated directly on the packaging and operating instructions. Those authorized to carry out these operations should prepare, if necessary, a "safety plan" to protect and the safety of people directly involved.

PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT

The packaging is also made according to the type of transport chosen to keep sizes as small as possible.

- -By road
- -By railway
- -By sea
- -By air

The engine can be transported with different types of packaging according to the destination, the transport system and preset technicalcommercial specifications.





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In order to guarantee the perfect conservation of all engine components, an "overseas" packaging should be used in case of maritime transport.

The packaging contains all the information needed to carry out the loading and unloading operations.

During transport, make sure the load is properly secured to the means of transport to avoid unexpected displacements.

When transporting the uncovered engine by road, use the lifting points provided to secure it steadily and prevent components from being damaged.



Follow the procedure below.

1- Remove the cover of the packaging.

The packaging includes a bag with all the relevant technical documentation and standard components.

2-While unpacking, make sure the components are intact and their quantity is correct.

3- Place the lifting device as shown in the figure.

4- Loosen the screws (A) and disassemble the side supports (B).

5- Move the engine to the installation area.

If necessary, keep the material in case you need to pack the engine in the future.



🛕 Important

In case of any damage or missing part, contact the manufacturer's Assistance Service to establish the procedure to be adopted.

The packaging material should be suitably eliminated in compliance with the applicable legislation.



HANDLING AND LIFTING

Secure the engine with a lifting device (lifting beam) of appropriate capacity.

1 Important

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The angle formed by the lifting device chains must not exceed 5°, as shown in the figure.

-Hook the lifting device to the fixing points as shown in the figure.

-Before carrying out the lifting, identify the barycentre position of the load.

🛕 Important

The brackets of the fixing points have been designed to lift the engine only without any additional weight. Do not lift the engine using a different procedure from the prescribed one; otherwise, the warranty for damages will be invalidated.





ENGINE STORAGE

The manufacturer supplies the engine with a protection treatment which is valid for 6 months from the delivery date.

If the engine is still not being used 6 months after delivery, then a specific "protection procedure" must be carried out in order to extend the storage period for a further 6 months.

🗥 Caution - Precaution

The staff carrying out any type of intervention throughout the life of the engine should have precise technical skills, specific abilities and experiences acquired and acknowledged in this sector. The lack of these requirements may cause damages to people's safety and health.

VM Motori recommends that this protection procedure is only carried out by VM-authorised personnel.

1 Important

 All packaging components should be disposed of in accordance with the legislation in force in the country where disposal takes place.

The protection procedure is only considered complete when all the following tasks have been performed:

1) protection against external corrosion

- 2) protection against internal corrosion
- 3) packaging and storage

This procedure is valid for the following engine situations:

- on a vehicle
- on a pallet

For engines on pallets, it is necessary to install the following accessories for engine start-up:

- battery
- fuel tank
- cooling radiator (for liquid-cooled engines only)

 command belt for the alternating current generator

command belt for the water pump (for liquid-cooled engines only)

1) EXTERNAL PROTECTION

UNPAINTED SURFACES: the unpainted metal components and surfaces (for instance the engine handwheel) must be protected with "FL MECA FLUID / P118V" anticorrosion oil.

RUBBER COMPONENTS: unpainted manifolds and pipes must be protected with talcum powder. Check the tightening of the relative fixing clips.

DRIVE BELTS: after applying the internal protection, remove the belts and put them into storage. Protect the surfaces of the metal pulleys with "FL MECA FLUID / P118V" spray.

ENGINE OPENINGS: Seal all the engine openings, including the exhaust. Use cardboard, plywood or metal covers, making sure they do not leave behind any fragments of material. All the engine openings (e.g. air suction ducts or turbocharger air inlet) must be protected with covers or guards to prevent the entry of solids, liquids or dusts that delay the evaporation of the anticorrosion agents. Apply plugs to the fuel inlet and outlet pipes of the injection system.

BATTERY: Disconnect the battery. When it is fully charged, store it in a safe place. Before doing this, protect the terminals against corrosion by applying an anti-rust spray.

2) INTERNAL PROTECTION

COMBUSTION CHAMBER: Remove the heating glowplugs from the head, check the piston is in its lowest stroke position (lower standstill point), then spray with Petronas PROT 30 M protective oil. Repeat the operation for the other cylinders, then reinstall the glowplugs.

TURBOCHARGER: Remove the inlet plug from the pipe that delivers oil to the turbocharger, and fill with Petronas PROT 30 M protective oil. Replace the inlet plug, applying the correct tightening torque.

ELECTRIC COMPONENTS: Apply anticorrosion spray to the electric contacts and connectors.

AIR SUCTION SYSTEM: check the air filter is in good condition, and no foreign bodies/liquids are present:

- If the air filter is damaged, replace it
- If there are any foreign bodies, remove them

LUBRICATION SYSTEM: this procedure must be carried out together with the injection system protection procedure.

• Using the oil dipstick and check whether there is engine oil in the sump.

- Drain the oil from the sump.
- Fill the engine with Petronas PROT 30 M protective oil.

• Check the coolant level (for watercooled engines only). The coolant mixture must be 50% demineralised or distilled water and 50% Petronas Paraflu Up (protective radiator fluid with monoethylene glycol and organic inhibitor formulation complying with ASTM D 3306 type 1 Standards).

• Start up the engine and run it until it reaches the right temperature for water-cooled engines (about 70°- 80°C); for air-cooled engines, run the engine for about 20 (twenty) minutes.

• With the engine up to temperature, carry on for about 5 minutes so that the system components are lubricated.

• Switch off the engine and wait for it to cool down.

• Drain the oil from the sump.

• Drain off the coolant.

• Check for any fluid leakage (and make any necessary repairs).

• Disconnect the engine from all the components used for the test.

INJECTION SYSTEM: this procedure must be carried out together with the lubrication system protection procedure.

• Make sure there are no deposits or sediments in the fuel tank.

• Prepare a mixture of diesel fuel complying with the DIN EN 590 specifications, and Petronas DIESEL TMF PLUS additive. The ratio must be at least 1:400 (1 litre of additive to 400 litres of fuel). If you use Biodiesel (complying with the UNI EN 14214 specifications), it must be mixed with diesel fuel up to 5%;

1 Important

VM Motori, however, recommends the use of diesel without Biodiesel.

1 Important

The use of any other fuel is forbidden.

• Fill the tank with this fuel mixture.

• Where relevant, check there is no interference between the radiator fan blades and the relative air duct.

Start up the engine and run it until it reaches the right temperature for water-cooled engines (about 70°- 80°C); for air-cooled engines, run the engine for about 20 (twenty) minutes.

- Drain the fuel tank.
- Check for any fluid leakage (and make any necessary repairs).

• Switch off the engine and wait for it to cool down.

SEAWATER SYSTEM (for marine engines and on-board auxiliary units only): this procedure must be carried out together with the injection system protection procedure.

Connect the seawater intake of the seawater pump to an auxiliary tank

containing a mixture of 40% freshwater and 60% Petronas Paraflu Up (protective radiator fluid with monoethylene glycol and organic inhibitor formulation complying with ASTM D 3306 type 1 Standards), making sure it seeps out from the drainage point.

- Check for any fluid leakage (and make any necessary repairs).
- Switch off the engine and wait for it to cool down.

• Disconnect the engine from all the components used for the test

3) STORAGE CONDITIONS

Engines on pallets

After applying the anticorrosion protection, the engine must be placed in a dry, well-ventilated environment and adequately covered. The covering must be applied in such a way that air can circulate around the engine, preventing the formation of condensation.

Engines on vehicles

The vehicle must be stored so as to minimise exposure to atmospheric agents Tech Library http://engine.od.ua
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START-UP

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Engines on pallets

Remove the covers and protective elements applied to the engine openings (for instance, air suction ducts or turbocharger air inlet, exhaust gas ducts or turbocharger guard).

Check there is no damage to the external engine components; make any necessary repairs.

Clean the throats of the metal belt pulleys, using a suitable solvent. Install the service belts

Check the rubber tubes and manifolds are in good condition, and check the tightening of the relative fixing clips; if they are damaged, replace them.

All surfaces and components protected with "FL MECAFLUID / P118 V" protective oil can be cleaned with a suitable solvent.

Check the level of the fluids: engine oil and coolant. Top up if necessary.

Engines on vehicles

Check there is no damage to the external engine components; make any necessary repairs.

Clean the throats of the metal belt pulleys, using a suitable solvent. Install the service belts.

Check the rubber tubes and manifolds are in good condition, and check the tightening of the relative fixing clips; if they are damaged, replace them.

All surfaces and components protected with "FL MECAFLUID / P118 V" protective oil can be cleaned with a suitable solvent. Check the level of the fluids: engine oil and coolant. Top up if necessary.

1 Important

Nothing needs to be done to remove the internal protection (either for engines on pallets or on vehicles).

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INSTALLATION DESIGN

In order to ensure the highest performance while protecting people, the product itself and the environment, a full project has to be developed before carrying out the installation.

The design phase should take into account the technical data of the engine (see"Technical data") and all the risks which may occur during its expected lifetime, from installation to disposal.

1 Important

During the design and installation phases, it is advisable to consult the service manual supplied by VM MOTO-RI S.P.A..

Further information are available in the website: www.vmmotori.it, in the "Contacts – Request Info" section.

GB

OPERATING INFORMATION

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE AND OPERATION

The engine has been designed and manufactured to satisfy all the operating conditions indicated by the manufacturer. Tampering with any device to achieve a different performance from the intended one can entail risks for people's safety and health as well as economic damages.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE

The engine is delivered by the factory in the running order.

However, during operation the following indications should be observed:

1- During running-in (first 50 working hours) and throughout the engine lifetime, carry out the maintenance in compliance with the intervals established by the manufacturer. (See "Engine maintenance")

2- Avoid using the engine at the highest speed for prolonged periods during running- in.

3- If the engine is not regularly used, it is advisable to start and take it to the working temperature (70÷80°C) at least once a month.

4- DO NOT use the engine at maximum performances before it has reached the working temperature (70÷80 °C).

5- When starting the engine for the first time, run it at no-load for a few minutes and make sure that the oil pressure value matches the one stated in the table. (See "Technical data)" - "Lubrication circuit")

6 - In the event that the ambient temperature is low during use, proceed as follow:

preheat the engine adequately.

□ when ambient temperatures are lower than -10°C, contact the manufacturer of the vehicle regarding the installation of devices which facilitate start-up and prevent ice forming in the engine oil vapour recovery



7 - Use oils and lubricants with suitable features (viscosity grade, specifications and operating temperature). (See "Recommended lubricants")

8 - If the "water in fuel" indicator lights up, proceed as follows:

– Turn off the engine and remove the ignition key.

 Let the engine cool down adequately to avoid being burnt.

Prepare a container of appropriate capacity.

– Unscrew the water sensor (A) of the filter and let the fuel flow until it proves to be water-free.

- Screw the sensor (A) back.

1 Important

Be careful to ensure that the fuel in the filter does not drain completely out. If it does, remove it (see "Fuel filter replacement."), fill it manually and then repeat the bleeding operation. Do not throw away any polluting material in the environment. Carry out their disposal in compliance with the relevant legislation in force.

9 - When an alarm signal (visual and/or acoustic) is triggered by the control panel this indicates that there is a malfunction of some kind.

Caution - Precaution

In the presence of anomalies, the electronic engine management system activates protective strategies and also the limitation of the engine performances if necessary.

In these conditions it is possible to check the ignition of the indicator light (MIL) for the engines R750EU5 or of the system indicator light (SYS) for the engines R750TE3-IE3, R750TE4-IE4-ISE4.

Do not continue to use the engine with the MIL indicator light on, instead contact an authorized VM Motori assistance centre.

Do not attempt to disconnect the MIL indicator light sensor in order to clear the signal. VM Motori does not assume any liability for economic damages or risks to personal safety. For more information, refer to the documentation provided by the manufacturer of the vehicle/device in which the engine is installed. To solve the problem, proceed as indicated.

- Turn off the engine.

-Consult chapter "INFORMATION ABOUT FAILURES" for the action to be taken and details of how to deal with the causes that triggered the state of emergency.

 In case of doubts, never operate directly, but contact a VM authorised workshop.

🛕 Important

If the engine is not regularly used, it is advisable to start and take it to the working temperature (70÷80°C) at least once a month.

If the engine is installed for use in emergencies, for example in the case of generators, it must be started at least once per month.



OPERATING THE ENGINE UNDER SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

The engine performance is affected by fuel temperature, the temperature and relative humidity of incoming air and altitude.

When using the engine at high altitudes and high air and fuel temperatures, the output is reduced.

For further information contact a VM MO-TORI S.P.A. assistance centre.

REGENERATION OF THE PARTICLE FILTER

The "Regeneration of the particle filter" is the burning operation of the particles that periodically accumulate in the filter.

R750EU5

🔔 Important

R750EU5 engines have an automatic particulate filter regeneration system that can only be activated while the vehicle is running. During this phase, the filter casing reaches temperatures of around 500°C.

🗥 Caution - Precaution

During the particulate filter regeneration phase, do not park the vehicle on surfaces containing flammable materials, which may burn on contact with the exhaust system.

R750IE4

In some applications, there may be an indicator light in the instrument panel of the vehicle which indicates the clogging of

the particulate filter

In the event of activation of this indicator light, for the regeneration of the particulate filter it is recommended to drive the vehicle at medium-high engine load, until the indicator light turns off.

For more information refer to the instruction book for use and maintenance of the vehicle or contact the customer service network.

In some applications a button may be available for manual regeneration of the particulate filter: to use this button refer to the instruction book for use and maintenance of the vehicle.

1 Important

R750IE4 engines have an automatic particulate filter regeneration system that can only be activated while the vehicle is running. During this phase, the filter casing reaches temperatures of around 500°C.

🗥 Caution - Precaution

During the particulate filter regeneration phase, do not park the vehicle on surfaces containing flammable materials, which may burn on contact with the exhaust system.

REFUELLING

During refuelling, make sure the fuel does not contain any residue; in this case use specific filters.

-Avoid using fuel mixed with water or other substances which may damage the engine.

- The engine has been designed to be powered by standard fuels available on the European market (according to specifications EN 590). If it is to be powered by BIODIESEL fuels (according to specifications UNI EN 14214), it can be mixed, up to 5%, with fuel available on the European market (according to regulation EN 590).

Caution - Precaution

Do not use fuels with specifications other than those indicated.

- For engines model R754EU5 -R756EU5 - R754TE4,IE4,ISE4, use fuel with a low sulphur content. The percentage sulphur must never exceed 10-50 ppm (parts per million).

ENGINE IGNITION AND TURNING OFF

The engine is not fitted with a control panel.

For information on the commands and control devices, please see the documentation provided by the manufacturer of the vehicle/ device in which the engine is installed.

Caution - Precaution

If the percentage sulphur contained in the fuel exceeds the value indicated, the antiparticulate filter will not work properly.

GB



All fuels are inflammable. Any fuel leaking or dropping on hot surfaces and electric components can cause fires. Do not smoke when refuelling or nearby any filling station.

🔔 Important

In the case of turbocharged engines, before switching the engine off it should be run at minimum idle speed for a few minutes in order to avoid damaging the turbocharger.

MAINTENANCE INFORMATION

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MAINTENANCE

Keep the equipment as much efficient as possible and carry out the scheduled maintenance operations established by the manufacturer. A good maintenance will ensure the highest performance, a longer operating lifetime and a constant compliance with safety requirements.

Caution - Precaution

Unless otherwise stated, all interventions should be carried out when the engine has been stopped, cooled down and the ignition key has been removed.

Those authorized to carry out these

ENGINE MAINTENANCE

The maintenance operations are subdivided into:

-Maintenance during running-in (first 50

hours)

-Routine maintenance (after running-in)

The frequency stated in the "routine maintenance" table should be applied to engines which are used regularly.

Some lubricants or components lose their characteristics over time even if the engine is left idle for long periods; therefore, maintenance intervals should be established considering that these parts need to be replaced not only on the basis of their hours of operation but of ageing as well. interventions should follow all the precautions needed to guarantee the safety of the people involved, in compliance with the requirements laid down in the applicable legislation concerning safety at the workplace.

1 Important

For each maintenance operation, fill in the "Periodic maintenance operation record sheet" provided, so as to keep a trace of the operations performed and therefore establish the most suitable methods for future operations.

The approximate maximum time during which the chemical-physical characteristics of a few components or lubricants are maintained is stated below.

- 1 year Lubricant oil
- 1 year Fuel filter cartridge
- 2 years Coolant

MAINTENANCE DURING RUNNING-IN (FIRST 50 HOURS)

1 Important

For each maintenance operation, fill in the "Periodic maintenance operation record sheet" provided, so as to keep a trace of the operations performed and therefore establish the most suitable methods for future operations.

Frequency (1)	Component	Type of inter- vention	Intervention procedures	Reference
	Engine oil (2)	Level control	Top up, if nec- essary	See Engine oil level control
Every 10	Coolant (4)	Level control	Top up, if nec- essary	See Engine coolant level check
hours (Every day)		Check it is clean	Clean with low pressure com- pressed air.	
	Air filter	Check the clog- ging indicator that is installed on the filter body	Clean the filter or, if necessary, replace it with a new one.	See Cleaning and replacement of the air filter
	Coolant fluid radiator	Check it is clean	Clean with a soft brush	
After the first 50 hours (at the end of running-in)	Oil filter (3)	Replacement		See Oil filter cartridge re- placement

(1) If an hour counter is not available, the frequency of the interventions should be calculated on the basis of a calendar day: one calendar day corresponds to 12 hours of operation.

(2) In hard working conditions, such as dusty environments and operation with extreme loads, change the oil of the engine and the oil filter every 150 working hours. If the engine has not worked for the specified time, it will be necessary to replace the oil and the filter all the same once a year.

(3) If the engine has not been in operation for the length of time indicated, the filter must still be changed at least once every 12 months.

(4) If the engine has not been in operation for the length of time indicated, the fluid must still be changed at least once every 24 months. (5) If the engine has not been in operation for the length of time indicated, the belt must still be changed at least once every 24 months

Periodic maintenance operation record sheet

1 Important

For each maintenance operation, fill in the sheet, so as to keep a trace of the operations performed and therefore establish the most suitable methods for future operations.

English

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE (AFTER RUNNING-IN)

1 Important

GB

For each maintenance operation, fill in the "Periodic maintenance operation record sheet" provided, so as to keep a trace of the operations performed and therefore establish the most suitable methods for future operations.

Frequency (1)	Component	Type of inter- vention	Intervention procedures	Reference
	Engine oil (2)	Level control	Top up, if nec- essary	See "Engine oil level control"
	Coolant (4)	Level control	Top up, if nec- essary	See "Engine coolant level check"
Every 10 hours	Air filter	Check it is clean	Clean with low pressure com- pressed air.	
		Check the clog- ging indicator that is installed on the filter body	Clean the filter or, if necessary, replace it with a new one.	See "Cleaning and replacement of the air filter"
	Coolant fluid radiator	Check it is clean	Clean with a soft brush	
	Engine oil (2) (6)	Replace		See "Engine oil change"
	Oil filter	Replace the cartridge		See "Oil filter cartridge re- placement"
	Airfiltor	Replace the main cartridge		See "Cleaning and replacement of the air filter"
Every 300	All line	Check if the safety cartridge is clean	Clean with low pressure com- pressed air.	See "Cleaning and replacement of the air filter"
hours (6)	Fuel filter	Replace		See "Fuel filter replacement."
	Air intake circuit	Check it is clean		
	pipe	Check of pipe sealing		
	Dust discharge circuit	Check it is clean		
	Oil separation circuit	Check of pipe sealing		
	Vacuum circuit	Check of pipe sealing		



Frequency (1) Component		Type of inter- vention	Intervention procedures	Reference
	Drive belt (type Poly-V) (5)	Replace		See "Changing t belt (type Poly-V)"
Every 900 hours	fuel tank	Clean the fuel tank and check the efficiency of the filler cap.		
	Air filter	Replace the clogging indi- cator		
Every 1200 hours	Coolant (4)	Replace		See "Coolant replacement"
Every 4000 Antiparticulate filter		Perform the regeneration	Apply to an authorised workshop	
Every 4000 hours	Engine	Performing partial overhaul	Apply to an authorised workshop	
Every 8000 hours Engine		Performing ge- neral overhaul	Apply to an authorised workshop	

(1) If an hour counter is not available, the frequency of the interventions should be calculated on the basis of a calendar day: one calendar day corresponds to 12 hours of operation.

(2) In hard working conditions, such as dusty environments and operation with extreme loads, change the oil of the engine and the oil filter every 150 working hours. If the engine has not worked for the specified time, it will be necessary to replace the oil and the filter all the same once a year.

The engine oil must in any case be changed, even before the time limit indicated in the scheduled

maintenance programme, if the MIL indicator light comes on with the ECU error 252F - "Engine oil critical mass".

(3) If the engine has not been in operation for the length of time indicated, the filter must still be changed at least once every 12 months.

(4) If the engine has not been in operation for the length of time indicated, the fluid must still be changed at least once every 24 months.

(5) If the engine has not been in operation for the length of time indicated, the belt must still be changed at least once every 24 months

(6) In engine R756EU5 models with a high capacity oil sump, a special plate is applied on the cover of the engine valves to indicate that the engine oil and the oil filter must be changed every 500 hours instead of every 300.



Periodic maintenance operation record sheet

1 Important

For each maintenance operation, fill in the sheet, so as to keep a trace of the operations performed and therefore establish the most suitable methods for future operations.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE OPERATION RECORD SHEET

🛕 Important

GB

For each maintenance operation, fill in the

sheet, so as to keep a trace of the operations performed and therefore establish th	е
most suitable methods for future operations.	

Date	Hours (1)	Type of maintenance performed	Signature and stamp of workshop

1) Indicate the total number of working hours..



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Date	Hours (1)	Type of maintenance performed	Signature and stamp of workshop

1) Indicate the total number of working hours..



	Date	Hours (1)	Type of maintenance performed	Signature and stamp of workshop
В				

1) Indicate the total number of working hours..

G



GB

Signature and stamp of Type of maintenance performed Date Hours workshop (1)

1) Indicate the total number of working hours..



	Date	Hours (1)	Type of maintenance performed	Signature and stamp of workshop
В				

1) Indicate the total number of working hours..

G

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MAINTENANCE WHEN THE ENGINE IS LEFT IDLE

If the vehicle/equipment to which the engine is fitted remains inactive, certain maintenance operations must be carried out to ensure the engine remains in full working order.

If the engine is not used for short periods of time, carry out the following interventions:

1- Make sure the electric contacts are working properly and, if necessary, protect them with an anti-oxidant spray.

Check the charge of the battery and the liquid level.

 If necessary, carry out the scheduled maintenance work (See "Engine maintenance").

🔔 Important

It is advisable to start the engine bringing it to the operating temperature (70÷80°C) at least once per month. The engine must be started once per month if it is installed for emergency purposes.

If the engine needs to be used in emergency conditions, refer to the specific regulations concerning compulsory start-up: if there are no specific regulations, you are advised to start up the engine once a month.

If the engine is left idle for prolonged periods, carry out the engine protective treatment to guarantee its efficiency for 6 months and to avoid continuous control and maintenance interventions. If the engine is not used for a further period of time, check the need to repeat the protective treatment for other 6 months. (Vedi "Engine storage").

WASHING THE ENGINE

In order to avoid irreversibly damaging the electrical and electronic components of the engine, do not spray high pressure jets of water or jets of vapour in the direction of these components.

Pay particular attention to:

□ cable connection points and engine wiring electrical connectors

alternator, starter motor,

 injection pump and related fuel supply pump,

□ electro-injectors,

electrical sensors installed on the engine,

 electronic engine management control unit,

• engine suction air filter and related air flow meter,

□ fuel filter,

 If you decide to wash the engine, adequately protect the above listed components before washing.

 When washing is complete, start the engine and leave it running for a few minutes until it is completely dry. Tech Library http://engine.od.ua VM MOTORI S.p.A. R750EU5 - IE3 - TE4 - IE4 - ISE4

MAINTENANCE IN CASE OF ENGINE INACTIVITY

After a period of inactivity, it is necessary to carry out a few maintenance interventions before starting the engine again to ensure its maximum efficiency conditions.

Check the charge of the battery and the liquid level.

–Make sure the electric contacts are intact and properly working.

Carry out the operation diagnosis of the engine.

-Check the oil level, and, if necessary, top up or replace it according to the established intervals (See "Routine maintenance (after running-in)")

–Replace the oil filter according to the established intervals (See "Routine maintenance (after running-in)")

-Check the coolant level, and if necessary, top up or replace it according to the established intervals (See "Routine maintenance (after running-in)")

-Replace the fuel filter according to the established intervals (See "Routine maintenance (after running-in)")

 Replace the air filter according to the established intervals (See "Routine maintenance (after running-in)")

- Tension again the transmission belt

 Check the tightening of the hydraulic unions (See "Control screw tightening and union sealing")

-Check the rubber gaskets and relevant fixing clips to ensure they are undamaged.

 Use a cloth soaked in a degreasing product to remove the external protective treatment.

-Start the engine and run it at minimum speed for a few minutes (See "Engine ignition and turning off")

- If no anomalies are detected, bring the engine to its operating temperature $(70 \div 80^{\circ}C)$.

-Turn off the engine and check again the engine oil and coolant level.

CHECKS AND CONTROLS

The list indicates some of the maintenance, testing and control operations to be carried out on the engine during normal operation.

- Fuel supply circuit bleeding

-Control screw tightening and union sealing

- -Engine oil level control
- -Engine coolant level check

-Procedure for loosening or tensioning the belt

-Engine oil change

- -Coolant replacement
- -Oil filter cartridge replacement
- Fuel filter replacement.
- Cleaning the antiparticulate filter

🛕 Important

For each maintenance operation, fill in the "Periodic maintenance operation record sheet" provided, so as to keep a trace of the operations performed and therefore establish the most suitable methods for future operations.

CONTROL SCREW TIGHTENING AND UNION SEALING

Follow the procedure below.

1- Start the engine and run it at minimum speed for a few minutes.

2-Run the engine at normal speed until the operating temperature $(70 \div 80^{\circ}C)$ is reached.

3- Turn off the engine and let it cool down.

4-Make sure the fixing screws of the main parts are tightened properly.

5- Check the union sealing on the fuel supply circuit.

- 6- Check the tightening of the clamps.
- 7- Check any fluid leaks.

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FUEL SUPPLY CIRCUIT BLEEDING

🛕 Important

This operation must be carried out each time the fuel cartridge is changed

Follow the procedure below.

1- Turn off the engine and remove the ignition key.

2- Let the engine cool down adequately to avoid being burnt.



3- Prepare a container of appropriate capacity.

4- Loosen the screw (E).

Caution - Precaution

Do not loosen high-pressure pipe unions of the supply circuit (COMMON RAIL system).

5- Operate the pump (F) manually to eliminate air from the circuit.

6-Check that a flow of clean fuel containing no air bubbles is coming out of the bleeder screw (E).

ENGINE OIL LEVEL CONTROL

Follow the procedure below.

1- Start the engine and bring it to the operating temperature (70÷80 °C).

2- Turn off the engine and remove the ignition key.

3- Place the engine on a perfectly level surface.

4-Wait a few minutes so that all the oil will flow into the sump.

5-Remove the dipstick (L) and check the oil level.

6- Top up, if necessary, from plug (M). As for the oil quantity, see "Technical data ".

🛕 Important

The oil level should be included between the minimum and maximum marks. Do not mix oils of different brands or with different features. (See "Recommended lubricants")

1 Important

Be careful to ensure that the fuel in the filter does not drain completely out. If it does, remove it (see "Fuel filter replacement."), fill it manually and then repeat the bleeding operation.

7- Tighten the screw (E).

8- Wipe out the fuel residues before starting the engine.



ENGINE COOLANT LEVEL CHECK

Follow the procedure below.

1- Start the engine and bring it to the operating temperature (70 \div 80 °C).

2- Turn off the engine and remove the ignition key.

- 3- Let the engine cool down properly.
- 4- Unscrew the filling plug (P).

Caution - Precaution

Open the plug gently to drain the pressure.

5- Top up, if necessary, from plug (P). As for the liquid quantity and type, see "Technical data".



1 Important

The fluid level must be up to the base of the neck into which the radiator plug is screwed.

For further information, please consult the documentation provided by the manufacturer of the vehicle/device in which the engine is installed.

CLEANING AND REPLACEMENT OF THE AIR FILTER

The air filter is equipped with the indicator (A) that displays the relevant clogging level. Clean the filter as described when the indicator always keeps red coloured.

1- Unscrew the fastening screw (B) and disassemble the cyclone pre-separator filter (C).

2-Clean the filter with compressed air or with a water jet.

3-Remount filter (C) and fix it with the screw.

4- Open the fasteners (D) and disassemble the cover (E).

5- Remove the cartridge (F), and then clean it with an air jet directed to the exterior.

6- Check the wearing conditions of the cartridge and, if necessary, replace it.

7- Remove the cartridge (G), and then clean both the cartridge and the inside of the container with an air jet.

🗥 Caution - Precaution

When cleaning the container, pay attention so that no foreign body enters the intake duct.

8- Re-assemble the cartridge (G).

🏦 Important

After having replaced the main cartridge (F) two or three times, it is important to replace the safety cartridge (G), as well.

9- Re-assemble the cartridge (F) and the cover (E).

10-At the end of the operation, press the button of the indicator to reset its colour.



ENGINE OIL CHANGE

Follow the procedure below.

- Start the engine and bring it to the operating temperature (70÷80 °C)
- Turn off the engine and remove the ignition key.
- Let the engine cool down adequately to avoid being burnt.
- Prepare a container of appropriate capacity. (As for the oil quantity, see "Technical data".)
- Unscrew the load plug (M).
- Unscrew the exhaust plug (Q) and let all the oil flow into the container.
- Replace the gasket and screw plug (Q) back into place.



1 Important

Lock the plug to a torque of 55 Nm.

- Pour the new oil until it reaches the correct level on the dipstick. (See "Engine oil level control")
- Screw again the load plug (M).
- Start the engine and bring it to the operating temperature (70÷80 °C). Check for any oil leaks.
- Turn off the engine and check the oil level. (See "Engine oil level control")

ENGINE OIL DILUTION

Reset the ECU parameters (carry out this operation after completing the engine oil change).

1 Important

In R750 EURO5 engines after each oil change the "Oil dilution calculation" function must be reset. The function is reset by the diagnosis tool available from authorised workshops or vehicle dealers. If the diagnosis tool is not available, the function can be reset using the following procedure:

1. Turn the ignition key to ON with the engine off

2. Press the accelerator pedal fully down (pedal from 0% to 100%)

3. Wait for 3 seconds before releasing the pedal.

4. Release the pedal, allow it to return to the initial position (0%) and wait a further 3 seconds before pressing it again.

Repeat the procedure described in points 2, 3 and 4, 5 times. In some applications the accelerator pedal procedure is not feasible: proceed using the manual accelerator potentiometer.

VERIFICATION: if the procedure has been done correctly, the engine oil low pressure light will flash three times for one second each, with a pause of 0.5 seconds. In some applications the verification is not feasible.

🚺 Important

Do not throw the oil in the environment but carry out its disposal in compliance with legislation in force in the country where it is used. Use the oils and lubricators recommended by the manufacturer. (See "Recommended lubricants")

COOLANT REPLACEMENT

Follow the procedure below.

1- Start the engine and run it at minimum speed for a few minutes. The cooling circuit reaches the operating pressure.

2- Turn off the engine and remove the ignition key.

3- Let the engine cool down adequately to avoid being burnt.

4- Prepare a container of appropriate capacity. As for the liquid quantity, see "Technical data ".

5-Unscrew the load plug (P).

Caution - Precaution

Open the plug gently to drain the pressure.

6- Open the cock (S).



If there is no coolant drainage tap, check to see if there is a drain plug. For further information, please consult the documentation provided by the manufacturer of the vehicle/device in which the engine is installed.

- 7- Let the liquid flow into the container.
- 8-Close the cock (S).
- 9- Pour in the new liquid.

🛕 Important

The fluid level must be up to the base of the neck into which the radiator plug is screwed. If there is a coolant expansion tank, consult the documentation provided by the manufacturer of the vehicle/device in which the engine is installed. As for the liquid quantity and type, see "Technical data".



10-Screw again the plug (P).

11-Turn the engine on and keep it running at idle speed for a few minutes to bring it up to working temperature (70÷80°C).

1 Important

If the fluid level decreases, top it up until it is constantly between the reference marks

12-Turn off the engine and let it cool down properly.

13-Check the coolant level and, if necessary, carry out topping-up. (See "Engine coolant level check")

1 Important

Do not throw away any polluting material in the environment. Carry out their disposal in compliance with the relevant legislation in force.

OIL FILTER CARTRIDGE REPLACEMENT

Follow the procedure below.

1- Turn off the engine and remove the ignition key.

2- Let the engine cool down adequately to avoid being burnt.

3- Prepare a container to collect any leak.

4-Unscrew filter (U) and replace it.

5-Check the conditions of gasket (V) and, if necessary, replace it.

6- Lubricate the seal of the new cartridge before assembling it.

7- Install the oil filter.



Lock the screw to a torque of 25 Nm.

8- Turn the engine on and keep it running at idle speed for a few minutes to bring it up to working temperature (70÷80°C).

9- Turn off the engine and remove the ignition key.

10-Wait a few minutes so that all the oil will flow into the sump.

11-Check that the oil in the tank is at the correct level, and top up if necessary. (See "Engine oil level control")

12-Check for any oil leaks





If any oil leaks are found, stop the engine immediately and contact an authorised service centre.



Do not throw away any polluting material in the environment. Carry out their disposal in compliance with the relevant legislation in force.

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FUEL FILTER REPLACEMENT

Follow the procedure below.

1- Turn off the engine and remove the ignition key.

2- Let the engine cool down adequately to avoid being burnt.

- 3- Prepare a container to collect any leak.
- 4- Disassemble filter(Z) and replace it.

5- Fill the new filter with fuel from the filter you have just removed.

6- Lubricate the gasket of the new filter before mounting it.

7-Refit the filter.

8- Bleed air from the fuel supply circuit. (See "Fuel supply circuit bleeding")

9- Turn the engine on and check for any fuel leaks.



Caution - Precaution

If any fuel leaks are found, stop the engine immediately and contact an authorised service centre.

🛕 Important

Do not throw away any polluting material in the environment. Carry out their disposal in compliance with the relevant legislation in force. Tech Library http://engine.od.ua
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RECOMMENDED LUBRICANTS

The lubricant recommended by VM MOTORI S.P.A. is: Q8 T 905 10W-40 for operating temperatures from - 20°C to +50°C.

Oils of different brands can be used provided that they have the following features: -Viscosity grade: SAE 10W-40

-Specifications: ACEA E6

1 Important

It is advisable not to mix oils with differentcharacteristics.



INFORMATION ABOUT FAILURES

TROUBLESHOOTING

The information below are provided to facilitate the identification and solution of possible anomalies and failures which may occur during operation. Some of these problems can be solved by the user, while others require specific technical skills or abilities, therefore they should be exclusively dealt with by qualified technicians with extensive experience in the specific sector of intervention.

🗥 Caution - Precaution

Activation of a visual and/or acoustic signal indicates some form of malfunction. In this case, turn the engine off immediately and consult the documentation supplied by the manufacturer of the vehicle/device in which the engine is installed.

Problem	Cause	Remedy
During the ignition phase the control board and the engine do not start.	Flat battery	Recharge or replace battery
	Blown fuse	Replace fuse
	The electric cables are disconnected or they do not guarantee continuity	Check the electric connections
	Failure of engine revolution sensor	Replace the sensor
		Apply to an authorised workshop
The engine does not start	Presence of air in the fuel supply circuit	Carry out bleeding (See "Fuel supply circuit bleeding")
	Dirty or faulty injectors	Replace the injectors
		Apply to an authorised workshop
	faulty fuel pressure regulation valve	Replace the valve
		Apply to an authorised workshop
	Failure of the start control	Replace the start control
		Apply to an authorised workshop
	water and/or impurities in the fuel	Apply to an authorised workshop
	Clogged fuel filter	Replace filter (See "Fuel filter replacement.")
The starter motor runs idle	Electromagnet failure	Check the starter motor
		Apply to an authorised workshop



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Problem	Cause	Remedy
The starter motor is not running	Flat battery	Recharge or replace battery
	Interrupted electric connection	Check the electric connections
	Worn brushes	Replace the worn brushes
		Apply to an authorised workshop
	Presence of air in the fuel supply circuit	Carry out bleeding (See "Fuel supply circuit bleeding")
	Clogged fuel filter	Replace filter (See "Fuel filter replacement.")
	Injection pump malfunction	Apply to an authorised workshop
	faulty fuel pressure regulation	Replace the valve
The engine stops after ignition	valve	Apply to an authorised workshop
	Presence of air in the fuel supply circuit	Carry out bleeding (See "Fuel supply circuit bleeding")
	water and/or impurities in the fuel	Apply to an authorised workshop
	The electric cables are disconnected or they do not guarantee continuity	Check the electric connections
	Clogged fuel filter	Replace filter (See "Fuel filter replacement.")
	Presence of air in the fuel supply circuit	Carry out bleeding (See "Fuel supply circuit bleeding")
	Injection pump malfunction	Apply to an authorised workshop
The engine does not reach the	Dirty or faulty injectors	Replace the injectors
operating speed		Apply to an authorised workshop
	water and/or impurities in the fuel	Apply to an authorised workshop
	clogged air filter	Clean or replace the filter
	Insufficient combustion air flow	Apply to an authorised workshop
	Engine overheating	Apply to an authorised workshop
	Overload	Reduce the load
Emission of black smoke from the exhaust pipe	Dirty or faulty injectors	Replace the injectors
		Apply to an authorised workshop
	Faulty turbocharging turbine	Replace the turbine
		Apply to an authorised workshop

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Problem	Cause	Remedy
Light emission of white smoke from the exhaust pipe	oil level too high	Adjust the oil level
	Worn segments	Check compression
		Apply to an authorised workshop
		Check wear
	Worn valve guideways	Apply to an authorised workshop
	Burnt gasket head	Apply to an authorised workshop
	Water pump malfunction	Replace the pump
		Apply to an authorised workshop
Abundant emission of white		Replace the belt (See "Changing the belt (type Poly-V)")
smoke from the exhaust pipe	Thermostat valve malfunction	Replace the valve
		Apply to an authorised workshop
	Coolant too low	Top up, if necessary (See "Engine coolant level check")
	Failure of pressure gauge	Check or replace the pressure gaug
		Apply to an authorised workshop
	Oil level too low	Adjust the oil level (See "Engine oil level control")
too low engine oil pressure and	Oil pump failure	Check or replace the pump
the corresponding warning light		Apply to an authorised workshop
comes on	Faulty sensor	Check and, if appropriate, replace the sensor.
		Apply to an authorised workshop
	engine oil filter blocked	Replace the engine oil filter (See "Oil filter cartridge replacement")
The coolant temperature warning light comes on	Coolant too low	Adjust the engine coolant level (See "Engine coolant level check")
	Stucked overpressure valve of the load plug	Replace the plug
	Water pump malfunction	Replace the pump
		Apply to an authorised workshop
	Thermostat valve malfunction	Replace the valve
		Apply to an authorised workshop

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Problem	Cause	Remedy
The coolant temperature warning light comes on	Broken or worn belt	Replace the belt (See "Changing the belt (type Poly-V)")
Output reduction	Clogged fuel filter	Replace filter (See "Fuel filter replacement.")
	Presence of air in the fuel supply circuit	Carry out bleeding (See "Fuel supply circuit bleeding")
	Injection pump malfunction	Replace the pump
		Apply to an authorised workshop
	Dirty or faulty injectors	Replace the injectors
		Apply to an authorised workshop
	clogged air filter	Clean or replace the filter
	Engine overheating	Apply to an authorised workshop
	Insufficient combustion air flow	Apply to an authorised workshop
The battery warning light comes on	The alternating current generator does not charge the battery	Check and, if appropriate, replace the alternating current generator
		Apply to an authorised workshop
The oil pressure warning light comes on	Engine oil pressure too low	Turn off the engine. Apply to an authorised workshop
The warning light which detects water in fuel comes on	Presence of water in the fuel filter	(See chapter "OPERATING INFORMATION", paragraph "Recommendations for use point no.9)
The warning light of the engine MIL/ SYS (*) turns on.	Engine malfunction	Apply to an authorised workshop
The particular filter indicator light turns on	Particulate filter is clogged	The particulate filter regeneration is necessary (see chapter "OPERATING INFORMATION"", paragraph "Particulate Filter Regeneration"

(*) The luminous warning light MIL (amber colour) turns on to signal the malfunction of the engine due to the surpassing of emission thresholds.

The luminous warning light SYS (red colour) turns on to signal the malfunction of the engine without the surpassing of particle emission thresholds.



INFORMATION ABOUT COMPONENT REPLACEMENT

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PART REPLACEMENT

Before carrying out any replacement, activate all safety devices and evaluate the need to inform the personnel working on the engine or nearby. In particular, place proper signs in the nearby areas and keep away all devices which, once activated, may represent a source of unexpected danger and risk for people's safety and health. When necessary, replace the worn components, and use original spare parts only. The manufacturer cannot be held responsible for damages to people or components resulting from the use of non original spare parts and from repairs carried out without the authorisation of the manufacturer.

When requesting spare parts, always contact your nearest VM MOTORI S.P.A. spare parts centre (See "documentation enclosed": Spare parts and service centre address booklet), indicating the engine serial number. (See"Manufacturer and engine identification")

CHANGING THE BELT (TYPE POLY-V) WITH AUTOMATIC BELT TENSIONER

Follow the procedure below.



2- Let the engine cool down adequately to avoid being burnt.

3- Rotate the automatic belt tensioner (A) in counter clockwise direction to loosen the belt (B), and then remove it from the pulley (C).

Caution - Precaution

Do not throw away any replaced part in the environment. Carry out their disposal in compliance with the relevant legislation in force. 4- Remove the belt (D) and replace it.

1 Important

Before tightening the belt, make sure that it is correctly positioned in the pulley seats.

1 Important

Before restarting the engine, make sure there are no tools or other material left near the moving parts.



CHANGING THE BELT (TYPE POLY-V) WITH AUTOMATIC BELT TENSIONER

🛕 Important

Special equipment must be used to replace the belt with linear turnbuckle. This operation must be performed by an authorised repair shop.

Follow the procedure below.

1- Turn off the engine and remove the ignition key.

2- Let the engine cool down adequately to avoid being burnt.

3 - Rotate the special tool (A) in any anticlockwise direction so that the turnbuckle (B) becomes compressed (Photo 1).

4 - Insert the locking clamp (C) as shown in photo 2.

5 - Remove the belt (D).

6 - Install the new belt and position it as shown in photo 3.

7 - Rotate the special tool (A) in an anticlockwise direction so that the turnbuckle (B) becomes compressed, and remove the locking clamp.

🧘 Important

Before tightening the belt, make sure that it is correctly positioned in the pulley seats.











ENGINE DISPOSAL

This operation should be carried out by experienced operators, in compliance with the legislation in force concerning safety at the workplace. Do not throw away non biodegradable products and non ferrous components (rubber, PVC, resins, etc.).

While decommissioning the engine, divide all the components depending on their chemical composition and dispose of them accordingly.